



सत्यमेव जयते

The Gujarat Government Gazette

EXTRAORDINARY

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXII]

TUESDAY, MARCH 23, 2021 / CHAITRA 2, 1943

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a Separate Compilation.

PART IV

Acts of Gujarat Legislature and Ordinances promulgated and Regulations made by the Governor

The following Act of the Gujarat Legislature, having been assented to by the Governor on the 22nd March, 2021 is hereby published for general information.

K. M. LALA,
Secretary to the Government of Gujarat,
Legislative and Parliamentary Affairs Department.

GUJARAT ACT NO. 5 OF 2021

(First published, after having received the assent of the Governor, in the "*Gujarat Government Gazette*", on the 23rd March, 2021).

AN ACT

further to amend the Gujarat Fire Prevention and Life Safety Measures Act, 2013.

It is hereby enacted in the Seventy-second Year of the Republic of India as follows:-

1. (1) This Act may be called the Gujarat Fire Prevention and Life Safety Measures (Amendment) Act, 2021.

(2) It shall be deemed have come into force on the 22nd January, 2021.

Short title
and
commencement.

Amendment of section 2 of Guj. 11 of 2013.	2. In the Gujarat Fire Prevention and Life Safety Measures Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as “the principal Act”), in section 2, in sub-section (1), -	Guj. 11 of 2013.
	<p>(i) for clause (g), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:-</p> <p>“(g) “emergency services” means services required to be rendered in case of disaster or any eventuality where the life is at risk;”;</p> <p>(ii) for clause (k), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:-</p> <p>“(k) “fire prevention and life safety measures” means such measures as are necessary in accordance with the GDCR or as required by or under the provisions of any law or the National Building Code of India, for the time being in force, with regard to fire prevention, life safety and fire protection for containment, control and extinguishing of fire and for ensuring the safety of life and property in case of fire;”;</p> <p>(iii) for clause (m), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:-</p> <p>“(m) “Fire Safety Officer” means a person or an association of persons appointed under section 12 of this Act as the Fire Safety Officer by the owners and occupiers of certain premises and buildings as prescribed in this behalf for renewal of fire safety certificate and such other related activities required to be carried out under this Act;”;</p> <p>(iv) for clause (o), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:-</p> <p>“(o) “GDCR” means the Comprehensive General Development Control Regulations, 2017 made under the provisions of the Gujarat Town Planning and Urban Development Act, 1976;”.</p>	President’s Act No. 27 of 1976.
Substitution of section 12 of Guj. 11 of 2013.	3. In the principal Act, for section 12, the following section shall be substituted, namely:-	
Appointment of Fire Safety Officer.	“12. (1) To ensure the effective operation of fire prevention and life safety measures in good repair and efficient condition	

in such buildings or premises as may be prescribed, the owner and occupier or occupiers individually or jointly, as the case may be, atleast two months prior to expiry of fire safety certificate issued under section 21, shall appoint a Fire Safety Officer, for renewal of such fire safety certificate, having such qualification and experience and duties to be performed as may be prescribed;

(2) The owner and occupier or occupiers, individually or jointly, as the case may be, shall appoint Fire Safety Officer from the list of fire safety officers enrolled by the Director.

(3) In case of a vacancy of the Fire Safety Officer appointed under sub-section (1), either on resignation or otherwise, the owner and occupier or occupiers individually or jointly, as the case may be, shall be required to immediately appoint the fire safety officer.

(4) In case of non-appointment of the Fire Safety Officer, as envisaged under sub-section (1), the Regional Fire Officer or the Chief Fire Officer, as the case may be, may take such steps as he deems necessary.”.

4. In the principal Act, in section 13, for sub-section (1), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:-

**Amendment
of section 13
of Guj. 11 of
2013.**

“(1) Where, the Director or the Regional Fire Officer or the Chief Fire Officer or any other Fire Officer of any authority, who is in-charge of a fire fighting operation requires fire-fighting equipment or property of any other authority or any institution or individual, he may by order requisite such equipment or property for the purpose of extinguishing fire in any area and take possession thereof from the authority or any institution or individual, as the case may be.”.

5. In the principal Act, for section 16, the following section shall be substituted, namely:-

**Substitution
of section 16
of Guj. 11 of
2013.**

Power to
enter into
agreement.

“16. Notwithstanding anything contained in section 14, the Regional Fire Officer or the Chief Fire Officer of any authority or any other officer authorised in this behalf, may enter into agreement with any person who employs and maintains personnel or equipment or both for fire-fighting purposes, to secure, on such terms and conditions as may be prescribed, for the purpose of dealing with fires occurring in any area.

Amendment
of heading of
Chapter IV of
Guj. 11 of
2013.

6. In the principal Act, for the existing heading of Chapter IV, the following heading shall be substituted, namely:-

“TRAINING TO FIRE PERSONNEL AND FIRE SAFETY OFFICERS”.

Insertion of
new section
17A in Guj. 11
of 2013.

7. In the principal Act, after section 17, the following section shall be inserted, namely:-

Fire Safety
officers to
undergo
training.

“17A. (1) The Fire Safety Officers shall have to undergo such training as may be prescribed.

(2) The State Government may prescribe such fees and such procedure as it may deem fit for providing the training mentioned in sub-section (1).”.

Amendment
of section 19
in Guj. 11 of
2013.

8. In the principal Act, in section 19,-

(i) in sub-section (1), for clause (a), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:-

“(a) no authority empowered to issue the Building Use Certificate, shall issue the same, unless it is satisfied that the owner or the occupier, either individually or jointly, has complied with the provisions of section 18 and has obtained a fire safety certificate;”;

(ii) for sub-section (3), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:-

“(3) The owners or occupiers, as the case may be, who are liable individually or jointly, for the building or part thereof, shall furnish to the Regional Fire Officer or the Chief Fire Officer or the nominated officer, a certificate regarding the compliance of the fire prevention and life safety measures as required under the provisions of section 18 issued by a Licensed Agency.”.

9. In the principal Act, in section 21,-

(i) after sub-section (4), the following sub-section shall be added, namely:-

“(5) The Fire Safety Officer, with regard to the requirement of section 18, shall check the maintenance and operational condition of fire prevention and life safety measures as specified in the regulations and on satisfaction that these are in good repair and efficient operational condition, may issue the fire safety certificate renewal.”;

(ii) in the marginal note, for the words “Suspension, termination and punishment”, the words “Issuance and cancellation of fire safety certificate” shall be substituted.

10. In the principal Act, in section 39,-

(i) in sub-section (1), after clause (c), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:-

“(ca) under sub-section (5) of section 21 giving a fire safety certificate renewal without there being actual compliance or maintenance of fire prevention and life safety measures and equipment;”;

**Amendment
of section 21
of Guj. 11
of 2013.**

**Amendment
of section 39
of Guj. 11
of 2013.**

(ii) to clause (h), the following proviso shall be inserted, namely:-

“Provided that enrolment of fire safety officer may also be kept in abeyance, suspended or revoked by the Director, in case of dereliction of any duty by the Fire Safety Officer.”.

Substitution of section 42 of Guj. 11 of 2013. **11.** In the principal Act, for section 42, the following section shall be substituted, namely:-

Failure to give information. **“42.** Any person who without adequate justification fails to communicate information in his possession regarding an outbreak of fire shall be deemed to have committed an offence punishable under section 176 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860.

45 of 1860.

Substitution of section 46 of Guj. 11 of 2013. **12.** In the principal Act, for section 46, the following section shall be substituted, namely:-

Officers and employees to be public servant **“46.** (1) Every officer or employee shall, when acting or purporting to act in pursuance of the provisions of this Act or of any rule or regulation made thereunder, shall be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860.

45 of 1860.

(2) The Fire Safety Officer shall not be considered as public servant under this Act.”.

Amendment of section 57 of Guj. 11 of 2013. **13.** In the principal Act, in section 57, in sub-section (2),-

(i) for clause (h), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:-

“(h) prescribing the norms, qualification, experience and duties of the each category of Fire Safety Officer under sub-section (1) of section 12;”;

(ii) after clause (n), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:-

“(na) prescribing the fee and the procedure for providing training under section 17A;”.

Guj. Ord. 3 of 2021. **14.** (1) The Gujarat Fire Prevention and Life Safety Measures (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021 is hereby repealed. **Repeal and saving.**

(2) Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any action taken under the principal Act as amended by the said Ordinance, shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the principal Act as amended by this Act.
